| 区 | West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| umwubbridge.com | - | P | P | 14 |
| A double by responder, called a "Negative Double", enables | 2* | X | P | 2* |
| the responder in a competitive auction to bid four-card suits. Enormously useful, this bid keeps you in auctions where you might have to Pass | P | P | P |  |

These are hard choices - much of bridge is guesswork. However, West has turned up with unlikely to have a third Ace you try the t $K$ and re relieved to guess correctly. Eight trick guess correctly. Eight trick precisely.


This hand is in similar vein to the last one.
Do you have the values to bid or should you keep schtum?

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | - | P | 1 |
| 14 | X | 2 | 3 |
| P | P | P |  |

## Lead: K

This hand is a refresher on our skills, both bidding and playing. These part-score contracts are what separates winners from the rest of the pack.

We (South) open our minimum hand with a 1 bid. After West's 1A overcall, our partner chooses a Negative Double. Look how perfect that is. He cannot risk naming the Heart suit at the two-level without five of them. With the Negative Double, he can alert us that he promise Clubs Since his bid is unlimited and forcing, we plan our reply.

Meantime, East raises his partner's Spades (By the way, that's a very nice defense agains Negative Double. If you can raise your partner's overcall, think seriously about doing it, just to be obstructive). As South, we now can Pass over 2s if we really want to.
We are, however, provisional members of the Clint Eastwood School of Bidding, and are ooking for reasons to bid rather than to Pass ne have shortage in Spades and some very ice Hearts to go with North's and we do no level. Note that $3 \boldsymbol{v}$ down one would be preferable to 2 a making by the opponents.

We need to show a minimum hand along with our Hearts, so we bid as cheaply as possible - which seems to be fine with partner. That's lead.

Our Count and Plan is straightforward. We have two Spade losers and two Diamond losers. That's great so far. But we need to take care. We only have eight obvious winners: five Hearts (that's four in the dummy and a Spade uff in hand), the *A $K$ and the *A. Where's the ninth trick?
The answer comes from a Club ruff in hand making a total of six trump tricks. It's unusual to ruff cards in the closed hand rather than in dummy but here you are leaving dummy's trumps intact to draw trumps later.

At trick 3, after three rounds of Spades, we are finally on lead so we play three rounds of Clubs
and ruff. Then we draw trumps, cash the A and concede two Diamond tricks.

This was not a fancy hand, but a very good one for reminding you of your basic skills. We we planned well and prevailed.

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| whw．vubridge．com |  |
| A double by responder，called a＂Negative Double＂，enables the responder in a competitive auction to bid four－card suits． Enormously useful，this bid keeps you in auctions where you might have to Pass． |  |
| VB\＃8 Negative Doubles SA |  |
| Date： 14106612014 |  |
| Dealer South | vunera |
| Play this hand onined |  |


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | - | - | 12 |
| 1. | X | P | 2 |
| P | P | P |  |

## Lead：$\&$

A tricky deal，this with an ungainly $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 1$ shape．These hands often prove awkward，both in the bidding and in the play．

We（South）open the bidding with 1s（the classic suit below the singleton）and await further developments．When North makes Negative Double over West＇s 1ヶ overcall，we know partner has precisely four Hearts．If he had the point－count for bidding at（he twolevel）．

We must bid，and luckily we have four Hearts To show the Heart fit and a minimum hand，we id $2 \downarrow$ ，showing that we have four cards there and that we are minimum．Don＇t be tempted to upgrade this $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 1$ type－this sort of hand does not play well in general．Over $2 \downarrow$ partne does the math and realizes we need to stop there．
Another hand where the points are fairly evenly split around the table．

These hands are tough to bid，play and defend．What will happen here？Stay uned．

When North exposes the dummy，his hand is exactly what he promised．Our Count reveal two Spade losers，a possible Heart，a Diamond and a possible Club．Also，the Spades are and a possible Club．Also，the Spades are
known to be $5-1$ so allowing West to play another round of Spades could prove embarrassing．

We could save a loser if the $s \mathrm{~K}$ is in East，or if the $⿴ \mathrm{~K}$ is in West（but it would have to be only once guarded）．
The problem with the Hearts is that the Honorettes（essentially the $\vee 109$ ）are also out against us．

Vell，with all these options，we have to make a choice．A little hint：we need to pull trump anyway，so that＇s the suit we should address ift．Our dream lay of the cards（lie？）wo

So at trick 1，we snatch the lead（we don＇t want o hold off，another Spade lead might get ruffed on the next trick if we do），and go right after th Hearts，leading low from our hand to dummy＇ J．Nope－East takes that and switches to club（we know why he does that－he can＇ have any more Spades）．

Taking the Club finesse now would be poor play－West would win the $\& K$ ，play off the $\uparrow K Q$
and play another Spade and we＇d be in trouble Best is to take the $A$ and to draw trumps with confidence Our bext move is to attack the Clubs，leading the eQ to force the $-K$ and setting up the 109

As we fully expected，the K is in West（hey，he did overcall，right？）Now we sit tight while they take their Spade and Diamond winners．When we regain the lead，we take the rest of the ricks．We end up losing two Spades， Diamond，a Club and a trump．

| 区 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| www.vubirige.com |  |
| A double by responder, called a "Negative Double", enables the responder in a competitive auction to bid four-card suits. Enormously useful, this bid keeps you in auctions where you might have to Pass. |  |
| VB\#88 Negative Doubles SA | ${ }_{\text {Contrat 10 }}^{\text {Cr: South }}$ |
| Date: 1408682014 | Board. 4 |
| ${ }^{\text {Deajer West }}$ | Vunerable: All |


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $P$ | P | P | $1 \boldsymbol{2}$ |
| 1a | X | P | 1 NT |
| P | P | P |  |

## Lead: $\boldsymbol{\wedge} T$

The best place to play an indifferent hand is NT"

Charles H Goren (1901 - 1991), World champion.
On several occasions, we've suggested to he bridge authorities to increase the bonus fo successfully making 1NT. This suggestion has Personally, we like to play in 1NT, because if Personally, we like to play in $1 N T$, because if se don't make it, the opponents did, and they
should have had the bid..! Some players, however, really dislike playing in 1NT. It takes all sorts...

So, anyway, this is a digression. Our 15 -point opener is overcalled by West. His suit is a tad atty, but for a one-level overcall, just about acceptable. Also, he is a Passed hand so Eas isn't going to go mad in the auction and raise to the skies
What is the right contract here?
The play should be easy enough - unless Partner can't bid either of his red suits at the two level, due to lack of funds and length, but he Negative Double again proves to be the perfect bid.
Then it comes to us. We don't particularly care for either red suit, but we have a No-trump shaped hand and a Spade stopper. While we bid. Let's give 1NT a try,

Dummy cheers us up quite a bit with the $A$ We start counting to see where we stand. With we have to scrounge two more tricks.

Well, there's a Diamond finesse available, but if it doesn't work, we will be no further ahead Plus if it does work, we still will need another rick. (And we know it won't. It just is not ou estiny to make a finesse - if there's a better way!

The Clubs are surprisingly exciting. We are going to lose the $\& A$ and $\& K$ no matter what we解, but once they've been played, we've those inevitable losers.

So our plan is to keep playing Clubs until they
grow up, accepting that the opponents will get heir Spade tricks going before we get the Clubs set up.

Now, I've noticed that less experienced players often become paralysed trying to figure ou what to discard, and we're going to have to make a couple of discards - on West's winning on both Spades and Clubs.

A little tip to make your life easier (and like the government, "We're here to help." The difference being: we mean it...) We have counted our winners. If it isnt a winner, don oing to struggle to make the contract, don't add to your woes.

We duck trick 1, and take trick 2 in dummy with he aK On this lie of the cards ducking the Spade lead isn't really important but it usually helps to disrupt the opponents communications. We want to preserve entries in our South hand where the good Clubs are going to be, so we win the second Spade on
 help us with a red lead. Another reason to stay way from those suits and focus on the Clubs).

West takes the Club and keeps hammering away at his Spades. After regaining the lead with our $\$ \mathrm{~K}$, we force out the other winning Club and put up our umbrella for the Spade storm. When it ends, we are back in!
We take our winners, which include the two Clubs, and the two Diamonds, and the $\vee$ A. Give Clubs, and the two Diamonds, and

Now, lessons learned: If you have losers you can't avoid even by paying a bribe, look eneath them for promotable winners. Ou Clubs are a great example.

Next, if you throw the lead back to the opponents, they will often do your work for you And finally, did you see how the Diamond finesse would have failed? Thank goodness we had another plan.

See why we think there should be a bigger bonus for 1NT?


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | $1 \psi$ | $1 \psi$ | 1 |
| $2 \psi$ | 2 | $P$ | $P$ |
| $P$ |  |  |  |

Lead: $\quad J$
Here, as South, you watch as your partner opens 14 and East wades into the auction with 1ヶ. You have an obvious bid of 1 s now but five-card suit. Why? Because with four Spades you'd make a Negative Double.
This information is important to partner as he can raise you to $2 \boldsymbol{A}$ with three very tatty trumps East-West should compete further to $3 v$ is moot. They might make a lot of tricks on their cards in Hearts - but not if you were astute enough to find a trump lead.

Anyway, that's by-the-by -2s it is and West starts off with his singleton Diamond
Now, these part-score deals are not so easy to analyse when dummy appears as much depends on the splits of the suits. Still, it is possible to see at least one trump loser, one
Heart loser and two Diamond losers (the $\$ A Q$ are marked in the East hand after the opening lead).
A small point but an important one.
Not that the play is in any way trivial - as you will see.

| 区 | West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mwwvubidge.com | - | - | P | 1* |
| A double by responder, called a "Negative Double", enables | $1{ }^{19}$ | X | $3 \%$ | 3. |
| the responder in a competitive auction to bid four-card suits. Enormously useful, this bid keeps you in auctions where you | P | P | P |  |


| might have to Pass. vB\#B Negative Doubles SA | $\underbrace{\text { 3S }}_{\substack{\text { Contract } \\ \text { By South }}}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Date: 1410812014 | Board \#: 6 |
| Dealer: East | Vunerabe: None |

## Lead: $\vee \mathrm{A}$

Here, as South, you open with the obvious call of 1 \& and West overcalls $1 \downarrow$. North makes a by now familiar Negative Double and it comes to East.

Many players would make your life easy by raising gently to $2 \vee$ on those cards (you'd then have a simple bid of 2a to make and everyone would live happily ever after). Nope - this East works with a pre-emptive bid of $3 \boldsymbol{v}$. Good ridge!

This makes your life that much harder - as Eas fully intended. You have the charming choice of assing - and allowing East-West to steal the hand in $3 \Downarrow$, possibly making - or bidding $3 \star$ on a feeble suit and just 13 points. Decisions decisions.
Well, when you know of a fit it is often right to take the push and bid. It could be wrong (both $3 \vee$ and 3 might be failing contracts) but it could be very right (both $3 \uparrow$ and $3 \vee$ might be making contracts). Anyway, we try 3. and North knows enough not to fall into the trap of bidding game.
Against 3. West kicks off with the vA lead. This may appear odd but his partner has supported may appear odd but his partner has supported Ise that appeals to him.

Having studied the dummy, West finds an awkward Club switch. Awkward because the defence of the \&A and a Club continuation hreatens to derail your train via a Club ruff. The counterplay is to cross to a Diamond and to ditch a seemingly winning Club (!) on dummy's K before playing trumps.

The defenders can do nothing now. Eventually you can draw trumps and run off your long Diamonds.

