

This series of six is all about ruffing out dummy's long suit for extra tricks. Harder examples (2400 has easier ones)

| VB\#15 Y2 Setting up a side-suit SA | Contract: 4H |
| :--- | :--- |
| Date: $17 / 06 / 2014$ | By: South |
| Dealer: North | Board \#: 1 |
| Play this hand online! | Vulnerable: None |

## North

- J5
- AQ3
- Q7643
- A53

West
ـAKT742
$\checkmark 86$

- T2
-KQJ


This is the second series in this edition on ruffing out a suit to make extra tricks. In some ways this play is counter-intuitive in that you are ruffing in the long hand (usually suicidally bad play). However, the aim is to get the long suit in dummy established for an extra winner or two and the only way that can be achieved is by trumping the suit until only winners remain.

To make full use of this play you have to take care with entries as much to-ing and fro-ing between the closed hand and dummy is necessary.

The first series showed you the basic idea. This set of six deals ceertainly has more excitement in the auction - whether the play is harder only you can say.

Here, in Hand 1, you have to overcome a problem of blockages.

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | $1 \psi$ | $P$ | $1 \psi$ |
| $1 \varphi$ | $2 \psi$ | $P$ | $4 \psi$ |
| $P$ | $P$ | $P$ |  |

Lead: A
As South we reach game in Hearts and receive the defense of two top Spades followed by the $\&$ K switch.

Now, just take a look at the bidding for a moment. You may not be used to partner raising your suit with only three cards but what was North supposed to bid after West had stuck his oar in with a 1a overcall? Pass would have been too cowardly for words and freely rebidding $2 \star$ on $\downarrow 7643$ would be the action of a lunatic. $2 \vee$, a competitive raise, on $\vee \mathrm{A} Q 3$ may not be perfection but it is a whole lot better than any of the alternatives.

Anyway, at trick three the defenders have set up four losers for our side - two Spades and two Clubs.

To take advantage of all possibilities takes care. If the Diamonds are 4-2 and the trumps 3-2 it is necessary to play off two top Diamonds and ruff a Diamond in hand. With the Diamond blockage it is best to cash the $\forall \mathrm{A} K$ first and then take two trumps, ending on the table. If trumps are 4-1 then the contract would be difficult (it's not impossible, just very tricky. We'll leave it at that).

As it happens, Hearts break 3-2. So we ruff a low Diamond to hand (giving up the chance of a 3-3 break and an overtrick) and then draw the last trump with the $\vee Q$. Finally the two winning Diamonds can be cashed on which we can dump two Club losers. That swells the trick total to a healthy ten.

True, a Club has to be given to the enemy but so what? We have ten tricks and that's all we need.


You are faced with an unusual hand here.
How might you go about bidding it? And how might you play it?

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | - | $P$ | 4 |
| $P$ | $P$ | $P$ |  |

Lead: $\vee \mathrm{A}$
You reach 4a With a solid eight-card suit you must pre-empt as high as you dare - the object of the exercise being to get in the opponents' faces, shut them up and to buy the hand as cheaply as you can. Here, West, with a fair hand and a promising $5 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 0$ shape, has to bid at the five-level or forever hold his peace. How he must hate you for opening 4@!

When dummy goes down you can see two things. One is that the opponents can certainly make a contract of their own (where is your defense to $4 \Downarrow$ ?) Secondly, you have nine easy tricks in Spades (eight trump tricks and the $\downarrow$ A). Well, where there are nine tricks there are often ten and dummy has some valuable cards. Not only the A but three fine trumps all of which may act as entries to the table.

If you are up with the game you should realize that you may be able to ruff out the Diamond suit. You trump the second round of Hearts and immediately set about Diamonds. A, ruff a Diamond (with a high trump - you need those small trumps!)

Now a trump to dummy's $\$ 9$ (but keep the $\$ 2$ or $\Delta 4$ - you need one of those for later) and ruff another Diamond high. Another trump to the 49 is followed by a third Diamond ruff and mirabile dictu there is a winning Diamond on table sitting and waiting.

Now for the coup de grâce. You lead the carefully preserved $\uparrow 2$ to dummy's $\uparrow 5$ as an extra entry in order to reach the last, winning Diamond. You cash the master $\uparrow 9$ and dump a Club loser. East finally takes his \& K but you have your game.
"You lucky ********!" says West, intemperately. Such language! Tut tut. Someday you'll point out that East-West could have made $5 \checkmark$ if they'd have had the courage to bid it.


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | - | - | 1 |
| $P$ | 2 | $P$ | 4 |
| $P$ | $P$ | $P$ |  |

Lead: $\vee$ T
You reach a pushy 4a on this hand after a simple 1a - 2a-4a sequence. Bidding 4a on your cards is a slight overbid but anything less is a slight underbid. What do you prefer to be? A man or a mouse? Anyway, 4a it is and West leads the $\vee 10$ from his sequential holding.

At first glance you only appear to have three losers - one Heart, one Diamond and one Club. Can't you ruff your losers on the table? Well, East is aware of that plan and he's having none of it. He takes the VA and fires back a trump. Now you could take the $\vee \mathrm{K}$ and ruff a Heart, sure, but any attempt to take a Club ruff on table would be thwarted. As soon as you lost the lead in Clubs the enemy would fire back a second round of trumps and you would have an inevitable second Club loser.

It's time for Plan B. Can we set up the Diamonds? The answer is Yes, we can-but we need some luck (not to mention accurate card-play). We need both Diamonds and trumps to break 3-2 - if either suit breaks 4-1 we cannot succeed.

So we take the trump shift in hand (we need that 10 as an entry later) and immediately play a Diamond. To get the timing right we must duck this trick; taking the $\downarrow$ would lead to defeat. Another trump is returned so we win that in hand, play the $\star$ A, ruff a Diamond high, cross to the 10 and run off the winning Diamonds.

Unexpectedly we have an overtrick (five Spades, one Heart, four Diamonds and a Club).


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $P$ | $P$ | $P$ | $2 \boldsymbol{2}$ |
| $P$ | $2 \downarrow$ | $P$ | 2 |
| $P$ | 3 | $P$ | 6 |
| $P$ | $P$ | $P$ |  |

Lead: Q
As South we arrive in 6a and West leads the \& Q .

The preliminary Count shows there to be one loser too many. We're used to that, but somehow it seems more momentous when we're in a slam, doesn't it?

Let's have a brief look at the bidding. North's response to our 2a opening bid was perfect. He told us he had slam interest and a good suit. If he did NOT have such a gold-plated suit, he would have just made the temporizing bid of $2 \uparrow$. His bid told us exactly what we needed to know. Once he raised our Spades, it was all over bar the shouting.

The play, however, is the thing. Unfortunately the $Q$ is a waste of good paste-board, clashing with the doubleton $\downarrow$ A K. So we can see two losers: the fast Heart loser and the slow Club loser. Often when you have a fast loser, if you peer under it (kind of like looking under a rock) you will find just the winner you need. In this case, it is that great long suit in dummy.

We need to ruff the suit out in the hope of making the last Heart good. We might expect the suits to split in the following way: 3-1 in trumps and 4-2 in Hearts. Fortunately, we have sure entries to the table in trumps. And we are able to pull a round of trumps each time we go to dummy.

So, the play (in detail), is as follows: take the Club opening lead and lead a Heart at once (if West holds the 『A the hand is all over). Nope East takes the vA and (naturally) returns a Club. So we take that and play another Heart (praying that suit doesn't break 5-1 and allowing a defender to ruff. That would be embarrassing!)

Now we ruff a Heart in hand ("high" of course), cross to a trump in dummy and ruff another Heart high. This play generates no more trump tricks (we always had six tricks in Spades) but it sets up the $\varphi 9$ as the master Heart. All that remains is to finish the process of drawing trumps (finishing on table, naturally) and cashing the last Heart.

It isn't easy when you have so much going on, but it is still very important to count your trumps. If you don't pull East's last trump before playing your good Heart, well - it wouldn't be a good Heart, will it?

Okay...take a very deep cleansing breath, and get ready to triumph again!


When you pick up your hand here it looks rather pathetic, and you might expect to play little but a walk-on part in the show.

Oh no! You are about to be the star of the production. Are your skills up to it?

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | $2 \sim$ | $P$ | 2 |
| $P$ | $2 \downarrow$ | $P$ | 2 |
| $P$ | $4 N T$ | $P$ | 5 |
| $P$ | 6 | $P$ | $P$ |
| $P$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Lead: J |  |  |  |

You unexpectedly reach a slam in Spades after North opens 2e.

Let's take a quick look at the bidding. The 2s bid is almost always forcing to game. (Some day we'll take a quick look at the occasions when you can stop short of game, but not today).

Since we don't have slam interest or a solid gold suit of our own, we give the "temporizing" or negative bid of $2 \uparrow$. Now partner bids $2 \uparrow$, which is hardly unexpected given the fact that we are looking at a singleton. When we bid our Spades, which essentially denies any interest in Hearts (ain't that the truth!), partner changes gears and goes for the sure 4-4 fit in Spades.

As time goes by, you will more and more come to appreciate the 4-4 trump fit, even over the $5-3$. You have more flexibility in your play, since either hand can be the "master hand."

West leads the J , the only attractive lead he has, and we go into the Think Tank to plan.

We have a losing Club, losing Diamonds we'd just like to throw on the floor, and to those who don't get the value of the power of a long suit in dummy...it could be a fearful place to be. Also, the winners are a little on the thin side. Try counting them - four Spades, two Hearts, the -A and a Club. You might make a ruff or two as well but that's still some way short of twelve.

However... we are going to make those Hearts the place to dump all our losers. Unlike the other hands, though, we've got a little twist. It's not entries to the dummy we lack, but entries to our hand.

We know we expect to get a 4-2 split in Hearts, and there are a lot of high Hearts out against us. We are going to need to keep that vK in dummy rather than cash it early.

Another point to be considered (will they never end?) is the trump split. A huge majority of the time ( $68 \%$ if you please!) you will get a $3-2$ split. That means $32 \%$ of the time they won't split 3-2
and it is prudent to cater for that if you can. You've got all the top Spades, so you shouldn't be over-ruffed. It will be important to pull them all though, before cashing those handy-dandy Hearts.

As before, we tackle our suit to be ruffed out immediately, and - as before - we use our trumps as our means of communication between our two hands. The beauty of that is that we are pulling the opponent's teeth while we do it. Fun fun fun.

So, in detail, here is the (elegant) solution to the problem. West leads the J to the A and East, with nothing much else to do, plays back a trump. We win that in dummy and immediately play off the $\vee \mathrm{A}$ and ruff a Heart low. A trump to dummy is followed by another Heart, this time ruffed with the $₫ A$ (no chance of anyone overruffing that!) By now, dummy is actually high as all the Hearts are good. We can simply draw the remaining trumps and claim the balance.

Note that by keeping that VK in dummy, we had a high card with which to pull East's last Heart. Had we cashed it early, West would have made a trump trick (or East would have made a Heart trick). You don't believe us? Get out a pack of cards and try it out!

Don't get too comfortable. You've got one more hand.


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - |  | 1* | 1v |
| 14. | $3 \vee$ | 38 | 4v |
| 49 | 5 | P | P |
| P |  |  |  |

This sort of auction - a free-for-all - often lands declarer a level or so higher than the comfort zone. Here $4 \varphi$ would be easy (and 4s easy to defeat with Diamond ruffs) but here you are, as South, pushed to the uncomfortable heights of the five-level.

It was a stimulating auction, to say the least, whether it was well-judged is quite a different matter. Everyone had something to say, but our partner, bless him or curse him, prevailed. He, with shortness in the opponents' suit, and three honors in our trumps, kept going. We bet in the back of his mind, he knew we could make something of those Clubs. He knows as well as we do, that a long suit in dummy is money in the bank (especially with those trump entries).

On the sight of dummy we must Count and Plan. This reveals that the Clubs are our only realistic hope. (Ruffing Diamonds on table is a possible line but it actually fails because, eventually, West would make the $\vee \mathrm{J}$ ). To make use of the Clubs we probably need a 3-2 split, although we might survive a 4-1 break.

So, the play in detail... Win the Spade lead and immediately lead a Club. Although there appears to be a guess (should we try dummy's $\% \mathrm{~K}$ or or run the 9 ) there is nothing to guess on this layout. East wins the Club, plays a Spade to West and that player exits with a Diamond.

So now we are back in the old routine... A Heart to dummy, ruff a Club in hand. A trump to dummy, ruff a Club in hand. By now all the Clubs in dummy are winners so all that remains is to cross to dummy with the $\geqslant 10$ (either by leading a Heart or by ruffing a Diamond) and chucking any remaining losers on the long Clubs.

Let's summarize what we've learned in these two series. There are basically only two ways to get rid of losers: We can trump them in dummy when we have shortness in dummy. Or we can dump them in dummy when dummy has a long suit. That long suit on table may need ruffing out to establish it.

Remember: No long suit in dummy should ever be ignored.

Once you have identified your dumping spot, you need to make sure you've protected your entries. If you can't get to dummy you aren't going to be able to ruff out the side-suit.

